Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Product Name: LOW VOC EURO KWIK CLEARCOAT Manufacturer/Supplier: TRANSTAR AUTOBODY TECHNOLOGIES 2040 Heiserman Dr. Brighton, MI, 48114, USA Product Code: 7211-F

24 Hour Emergency Phone(s): USA 800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC) International 001-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC Int'I)

Business Phone: 810-360-1600 SDS Prepared By: Transtar Autobody Technologies

Product Use: Automotive Paint. For Industrial and Professional Use Only. Not recommended for: Not for sale to the general public.

Section 2 -	- Hazards Identif	ication			
Classification	of the substance or m	ixture			
GHS Rating	<u>s:</u>				
Flammable liquid2Skin corrosive2Eye corrosive2AOrgan toxin single exposure1		Flash point < 23°C and initial boiling point > 35°C (95°F) Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation Eye irritant: Subcategory 2A, Reversible in 21 days Significant toxicity in humans- Reliable, good quality human case studies or epidemiological studies, Presumed significant toxicity in humans- Animal studies with significant and/or severe toxic effects relevant to humans at generally			
			low exposure (gui		
GHS Hazard	<u>s</u>		GHS Preca	utions	
H225 H315 H319 H370	Highly flammab Causes skin irri Causes serious Causes damage	eye irritation	P101 P102 P103 P210 P233 P240 P241 P241 P242 P243 P260 P264	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand Keep out of reach of children Read label before use Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground and bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and motorized equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Do not breathe dust, mist, vapors or spray Wash contacted skin thoroughly after handling	

P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection
P321	and respiratory protection. Specific treatment (see first aid instructions on SDS)
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing
P307+P311	IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, foam or water fog to extinguish
P405	Store locked up
P403+P235	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool
P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.



Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS: None known

Section 3 - Composition							
Chemical Name / CAS No. OSHA Exposure Limits ACGIH Exposure Limits Other Exposure Limit							
Chlorobenzotrifluoride 98-56-6 40 to 50%	Not Established	Not Established					
Acrylic polyol, Proprietary 20 to 30%							
Acrylic Copolymer, Proprietary 10 to 20%							
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone 110-43-0 5 to 10%	100 ppm TWA; 465 mg/m3 TWA	50 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 465 mg/m3 TWA				

Methyl Acetate 79-20-9 1 to 5%	200 ppm TWA; 610 mg/m3 TWA	250 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 610 mg/m3 TWA 250 ppm STEL; 760 mg/m3 STEL
Ethyl-3-ethoxypropionate 763-69-9 1 to 5%	TWA: 0.75 ppm	CLV: 0.03 ppm	
Acetone 67-64-1 1 to 5%	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA	750 ppm STEL 500 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 108-65-6 1 to 5%	TWA 200 ppm	TWA 50ppm	

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

INHALATION: If Inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing difficulty persists, seek medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a minimum of 15 minutes while holding eye lids open. If eye irritation persist: seek medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash exposed area thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation presists. Do NOT use solvents or thinners to wash off.

INGESTION: If swallowed, seek medical attention immediately and have product container or label at hand. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Dizziness, breathing difficulty, headaches, & loss of coordination.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Seek professional medical attention for all over-exposures and/or persistent problems.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

LEL: 0.9 %

UEL: 16.0 %

Extinguishing Media: Dry Chemical, Foam, CO2 or water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: High volume water jets

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat or burst when contaminated with water (CO2 gas evolved). Hazards apply to empty containers. Combustion generates toxic fumes.

Hazardous Combustion Products: oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, formaldehyde, toxic fume

Special Firefighting Procedures: Highly toxic fumes may be generated by thermal decomposition. Water runoff from firefighting can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire.

Fire Equipment: Full fire fighter equipment including SCBA should be worn to avoid skin contact and inhalation of concentrated vapors. Minimize skin exposure.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors and mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Evacuate pesonnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulation to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Dike spill area and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth. Sweep up and dispose of in appropriate containers in accordance to Federal, State and/or Local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Safe Handling Measures: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools and explosion proof equipment when handling this material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking. Use in cool, well-ventilated areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge . Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues. For precautions see section 2.

Storage Requirements: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces-No Smoking. Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Do not reuse container when empty.

Section 8 - Exposure Control and PPE						
Chemical Name / CAS No. OSHA Exposure Limits ACGIH Exposure Limits Other Exposure Limits						
Chlorobenzotrifluoride 98-56-6	Not Established	Not Established				
Acrylic polyol, Proprietary						
Acrylic Copolymer, Proprietary						
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone 110-43-0	100 ppm TWA; 465 mg/m3 TWA	50 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 465 mg/m3 TWA			
Methyl Acetate 79-20-9	200 ppm TWA; 610 mg/m3 TWA	250 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 610 mg/m3 TWA 250 ppm STEL; 760 mg/m3 STEL			
Ethyl-3-ethoxypropionate 763-69-9	TWA: 0.75 ppm	CLV: 0.03 ppm				
Acetone 67-64-1	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA	750 ppm STEL 500 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA			
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 108-65-6	TWA 200 ppm	TWA 50ppm				

Engineering Controls: Ground and bond container and reciving equipment. Use explosion proof electrical, ventilation, lighting and motorized equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Ventilation: General mechanical ventilation or local exhaust should be utilized to keep vapor concentrations below

exposure limits (PEL & TLV). Ventilation equipment must be explosion proof.

Safe Work Practices: Eye washes and safety showers in the workplace are recommended. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash hands thoroughly after using and before eating, drinking or smoking. Employee education and training in the safe use and handling of this product is required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR1200. Smoking in area where this material is used should be strictly prohibited. Always use protective clothing and equipment. Remove all contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly when finished working. Keep food and drink away from material and from area where material is being used. Spraying of material can cause and oxygen dificient environment. Use proper ventilation to remove vapors, mist and fumes combined with NIOSH approved respirator.

Respiratory Protection: When working with this material use a MSHA/NIOSH approved cartridge respirator or suitable respiratory protection to keep airborne mists and vapor concentrations below the PEL & TLV limits. When using in poorly ventilated and confined spaces, use a fresh-air supplying respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses with chemical splash goggles or faceshield.

Skin Protection: Use chemical resistant gloves.

Body Protection: Impervious clothing, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. **Contaminated Gear:** Take off contaminated clothing immediately and wash before reuse.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

This mixture typically exhibits the following properties under normal circumstances:

Appearance Clear	Physical State Liquid	
Odor Organic Solvent	Odor threshold: No data available	
pH: No data available	Melting point: No data available	
Freezing point: No data available	Boiling range: 56°C	
Flash point: -4 F,-20 C	Evaporation rate: No data available	
Flammability: No data available	Explosive Limits: 1% - 16%	
Vapor Pressure: 28.1 mmHg	Vapor Density: 5.2	
Density (Lb / Gal) 9.44	Solubility: No data available	
Partition coefficient (n- No data available octanol/water):	Autoignition temperature: 315°C	
Decomposition temperature: No data available	Viscosity: No data available	
Regulatory Coating VOC g/L 229	Regulatory Coating VOC 1.91 Ib/gal	
Actual Coating VOC g/L 145	Actual Coating VOC lb/Gal 1.21	
Weight Percent Volatile 55.00	Specific Gravity (SG) 1.131	
% Weight VOC 12.77	% Weight Water 0.0	
% Wt Exempt VOC 42.22	% Vol Exempt VOC 36.83	

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No data available

Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Hazardous polymerization will not

occur.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flame and sparks. Extreme temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible with:

Strong oxidizing agents Strong bases

Hazardous products produced under decomposition:

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Mixture Toxicity

Inhalation Toxicity: 48mg/L

Component Toxicity

•		
	98-56-6	Chlorobenzotrifluoride
		Oral: 13 g/kg (Rat) Dermal: 3 g/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation: 33 mg/L (Rat)
	110-43-0	Methyl n-Amyl Ketone
		Oral: 1,600 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation: 17 mg/L (Rat)
	108-65-6	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate
		Dermal: 5 g/kg (Rabbit)

This mixture has not been tested for toxicological effects.

Acute Effects:

INHALATION - Dizziness, breathing difficulty, headaches, & loss of coordination.
EYE CONTACT - Moderate irritation, tearing, redness, and blurred vision.
SKIN CONTACT - Moderate irritant. Can dry and defat skin causing cracks, irritation, and dermatitis.
INGESTION - Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, vomiting, nausea, & diarrhea.

Chronic Effects:

May affect liver, kidney and central nervous system with repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury.

Routes of Entry

Inhalation	Skin C	Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion		
Target Organs						
Eyes	Kidneys	Liver	Lungs	Central Nervous System	Skin	Peripheral
Nervous Sy	/stem	Respiratory	v System			
Effects of Over	exposure					
Effects of Overexposure Short Term Exposure		skin. Irritates system. Bre you pass ou respiratory t lightheaded mucous me	s the eyes and th athing the vapor it. Contact can irr ract. Exposure to ness, and uncons mbranes. May ca	ect you when breathed in and b e respiratory tract. May affect th can cause dizziness and lighthe itate the skin. Exposure can irrit high concentrations can cause sciousness. Causes local irritation use irritation by any route of exp significantly toxic).	a central nervous adedness, and ca ate the eyes and dizziness, on to skin, eyes ar	an make

Long Term Exposure Causes skin irritation with cracking and drying; destroys the skin's natural oils. May cause liver and kidney damage. May affect the nervous system. The liquid destroys the skin's natural oils. Repeated or high exposures may cause methanol poisoning, which can cause headaches, dizziness, coma, and affect the optic nerve, causing blindness. Death can occur. Repeated skin exposure can cause dryness and skin cracking. This chemical has not been adequately evaluated to determine whether brain or nerve damage could occur with repeated exposure. However, many solvents and other petroleum-based chemicals have been shown to cause such damage. Effects may include reduced memory and concentration, personality changes (withdrawal, irritability), and fatigue, sleep disturbances, reduced coordination, and/or effects on the nerves to the arms and legs (weakness, "pins and needles"). There is evidence that this chemical is a mutagen.

The following chemicals comprise of at least 0.1% of this mixture and are listed and/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by the NTP, IARC, OSHA (mandatory listing) or ACGIH (optional listing).

CAS Number	Description	<u>% Weight</u>	Carcinogen Rating
None			No Data Available
Section 12 - Eco	logical Information		

This material has not been tested for ecological effects.

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

Other adverse effects: Contains photochemically reactive solvent.

Component Ecotoxicity Chlorobenzotrifluoride	48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 3.68 mg/L
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 126 - 137 mg/L [flow-through]
Methyl Acetate	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 295 - 348 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio: 250 - 350 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1026.7 mg/L 72 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: >120 mg/L
Ethyl-3-ethoxypropionate	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 62 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 970 mg/L
Acetone	96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 6210 - 8120 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 8300 mg/L 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 10294 - 17704 mg/L [Static]; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 12600 - 12700 mg/L
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 161 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >500 mg/L

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Product should be disposed of in accordance with all Federal, State and local regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Subject to hazardous waste generation, treatment, storage and disposal rules under RCRA, 40CFR261.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

The following transportation information is provided based on Transtar Autobody Technologies interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking and labeling prior to offering for transport.

Agency	Proper Shipping Name	UN Number	Packing Group	Hazard Class
IATA	Paint	UN1263	II	3
IMDG	Paint	UN1263	II	3
USDOT	Paint	UN1263	II	3
	For inner packagings not exceeding 5L each packaged in a strong outer box: Limited Quantity			

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

The information listed in this section is not all inclusive of all regulations for this product or the chemical components of this product.

California Hazardous Substance List:

- None

HAPS: This formulation contains the following HAPS:

- None

NJ RTK: The following chemicals are listed under New Jersey RTK

67-64-1 Acetone 1 to 5 % 79-20-9 Methyl Acetate 1 to 5 % 110-43-0 Methyl n-Amyl Ketone 5 to 10 %

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains the following chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

100-42-5 Styrene 266 PPM

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains the following chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer .

- None

PA RTK: The following chemicals are listed under Pennsylvania RTK:

67-64-1 Acetone 1 to 5 % 79-20-9 Methyl Acetate 1 to 5 % 110-43-0 Methyl n-Amyl Ketone 5 to 10 %

EU REACH SIN: The chemicals listed below are on the EU REACH SIN list

- None

SARA 312: This Product contains the following chemcials subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 312: - None

SARA 313: This Product contains the following chemcials subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313: 100-42-5 Styrene 266 PPM

WHMIS:

67-64-1 Acetone 1 to 5 % 79-20-9 Methyl Acetate 1 to 5 % 110-43-0 Methyl n-Amyl Ketone 5 to 10 %



None

SARA: The following are reportable under SARA Acrylic Polymer, Proprietary (non hazardous) 10 - 20% 79-20-9 Methyl Acetate 1.0 - 5% 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 0.0 - 0.1% 1330-20-7 Xylene 0.0 - 0.1%

Section 16 - Other Information

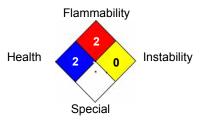
Note: HMIS Ratings involve data and interpretings that can vary from company to company. They are intended only for rapid, general identification of the magnitude of the specific hazard. To deal adequately with the safe handling of this material, all the information contained in this MSDS must be considered.

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)



HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend * = Chronic Health Hazard 0 = INSIGNIFICANT 1 = SLIGHT 2 = MODERATE 3 = HIGH

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



Date Prepared: 2/26/2015

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate, obtained from sources believed by Transtar Autobody Technologies to be accurate. As with all chemicals, KEEP AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS. FOR PROFESSIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.